Abstract to the diploma
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"The War in Korea in 1950-1953 in media coverage"
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Key-words: Korean War, Information warfare, military journalism, the press, new media, Korea.

Relevance: The relevance of the selected topic of this course work is determined by the functional issues and the degree of impact of new media on members of modern society with regard to coverage of situations associated with historical facts and events. The research problem is that the research structure aimed at studying the phenomenon of new media contains the belief that they are not able to become a full-fledged deputy of printed information publications on a number of factors, since they are oriented towards a qualitatively new model of the consumer of information presented in electronic format.

At the same time, the breadth and speed of information dissemination by electronic channels often outstrips the emergence of actual information in print media, therefore traditional media methods are not able to timely deny deliberately erroneous information, or contribute to the formation of a different perception among consumers of the information society.

The study of the nature of messages in the context of new media about the current conflict on the Korean peninsula will allow us to determine not only the degree of reliability, but also the scale of the presented points of view on these historical events.

The subject of the study is media coverage of armed conflicts in Korea.

The subject of the study are the features of coverage of the Korean conflict in the media.

The aim of the work is to comprehensively study the nature of media reports about the conflict on the Korean peninsula.

Objectives of the study:
1. Disclose the notion of modern media and their features.
2. To carry out a study of the presentation in the media of the historical origins of the conflict on the Korean peninsula and the reasons for its escalation of the late 20th - early 21st century.
3. Identify the main parties to the conflict on the Korean peninsula and forecast the media options for its development.

The empirical base of the research was compiled by the media of the USSR (Pravda, Tass, Izvestia, Ogonyok and others), media of other countries (The New York Times, Forbes, La Gazette, Kommersant, "Washington Post" and others) and new media of the global Internet space (The sun.com, Washingtonpost.com, Usatoday.com, edition.cnn.com, nytimes.com). These new media are official sources providing information in Russia, as well as in the US.

The structure of stimulated Raman scattering is determined by the purpose and objectives of the study. The work consists of an introduction, two chapters, a conclusion and a bibliographic list.